



## Ching-Tai Lee

### CURRENT POSITIONS

Attending Physician, Division of Gastroenterology,  
Department of Internal Medicine, E-DaHospital and  
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### EDUCATIONAL AND CAREER EXPERIENCES

- 07/1993-06/2000 Department of Medicine, College of Medicine, National Taiwan University  
07/2000-06/2003 Resident, Department of Internal Medicine, National Taiwan University Hospital
- 07/2003-06/2005 Fellowship, Division of Gastroenterology, Department of Internal Medicine, Far Eastern Memorial Hospital
- 07/2005-present Attending Physician, Division of Gastroenterology, E-Da Hospital and I-Shou university

### PUBLICATION

- Wang WL, Lee CT, Lee YC, et al. Risk factors for developing synchronous esophageal neoplasia in patients with head and neck cancer. *Head Neck*. 2011; 33(1): 77-81.
- Lee CT, Chang CY, Tai CM, et al. Endoscopic Submucosal Dissection for Early Esophageal Neoplasia: A SingleCenter Experience in South Taiwan. *J Formos Med Assoc*. 2012 ; 111(3): 132-9.
- Wang WL, Chang IW, Lee CT (correspondence), et al. Circumferential balloon-based radiofrequency ablation for ultralong and extensive flat esophageal squamous neoplasia. *Gastrointest Endosc*. 2014; 80(6):1185-9.
- Wang WL, Wang YC, Lee CT, et al. The impact of humen papillomavirus infection on the survival and treatment response of patients with esophageal cancers. *J Dig Dis*. 2015;16(5):256-63.
- Wang WL, Wang YC, Lee CT (correspondence), et al. Human Papillomavirus on Initiating Synchronous Esophageal Neoplasia in Patients with Head and Neck Cancer. *The Laryngoscope*. 2015. (in press)